Aptitude in advertising is an

WHOLE NO. 2134.

BITTING BROS.



What a man wears is usually an index to his character. This is especially the case in the matter of hats. Some men carry their hats slightly to one side with a sort of a rakish tilt, others thrust them forward over ing: the eyes as though they were determined to keep sunshine at a respectable distance. By far a respectable distance. By far the larger majority of wearers however, are sedate and conservative, wearing their hats in a natural and orthodox position and thus showing that their and thus showing that their characteristics are of the natural and orthodox variety, There

One-Price Clothiers, Hatters. Furnishers.

\$5,000 trophy. Kilr trained by Muldoon, The betting was in Kilrain's favor. God-frey had also been trained well, and much of the difference in the olds placed on the men was due solely to the fact that Kil-

men was due solely to the fact that Kil-rain's backers were more numerous. At 952 p.m. Kilrain entered the ring, followed closely by Godfrey. Kilrain was seconded by Muldoon and Jim Hall, the Australian, Godfrey's seconds were Frank and Jack Steele, and Peter Jackson as bottle holder. Kilrain weighed about 192 to Godfrey's 174 pounds.

to Godfrey's 174 pounds.

In the first seven rounds the fighting was even, Kilrain playing for Godfrey's head, and the negro playing for Kiliain's ribs. Godfrey did some very clever dedging, while Kilrain was very skillful in fighting. Godfrey maintained the better temper, and showed much greater humor. Kilrain anded several wicked ones on Kilrain landed several wicked ones on Godfrey's right cheek, and Godfrey got his

the fight progressed slowly, though the tenth and eleventh were marked by some tenth and eleventh were marked by some hot exchanges, Kilrain being somewhat dused in the eleventh. He was apparently making a waiting fight, white Godfrey endeavored to draw him on. In the thirteenth round little was done.

In the fourteenth round Kilrain drove geveral powerful punchess into Godfrey's force and neek once structuring him. In

face and neck, once staggering him. In the lifteenth round Godfrey rushed wildly, while Kilrain eludad him cleverly and made good use of his left, in the next round Kilrain started in to slug his man, round Kilrain started in to sing his man, and, and though Godfrey gamely endeavored to return his blows, was power-less against the shower of flerce swings rained upon his head. He continued to smile and hang on bravely, but a second more added to the round would have seen him knocked out.

him knocked out. In round seventeen Godfrey essayed to rush, but his strength appeared to be gone. Kirain, however, did not force the fight. The Bostonian, in the eighteenth round, rushed the Baltimoreau into his corner, but was too far away to do any damage. Kilrain's dilatory tactics lost him what

In round nineteen Kilrain again started to rain his blows on the pegro's hard head, but except when he succeeded in landing on cheek or jaw he did but little

seemed ty have decidedly the best of the tight, and Godfrey had up to this time taken punishment sufficient to wear out many a pugilist, but the contest was ap-parently no nearer terminating than a half hour before. He continued to receive punches in the mouth, jaw and ears with perfect equanimity, that seemed to non-plus the doughty Baltimorean.

The contest was one of endurance. Kilrain's superior training and more powerful build, began to give the Baltimorian decided advantage after the twenty-fifth round, and in the twenty-sixth he punshed Godfrey about as he choose, punch-ing him into the corner where the negro helplessly hugged the ropes. Finally Kilrain let up and Godfrey went to his rner all bus knocked out. After that, owever, Godfrey began to brace up a tile and gave Kilrain some punishment. Godfrey's abhitty to take punishment, which Kilrain administered on all parts of which Kiram administrate of an jarts of his body, was little short of phenomenal. Kilram mally got in a knock-out blow in the lorty-fourth round. He caught God-frey on the jugular, and the negro fell to the floor unable to rise at the call of time.

HUNTINGTON, Ind., March 13.—Yester-day the women of Mt. Erna, ten miles from here, armed with clubs and axes. at down a saloon door, emptied vessels, molished furniture and gave notice that I ram shops would share a similar fate, one interfered with their proceedings. and it is thought all other places will

PARNELL'S MANIFESTO.

THE IRISH LEADER'S APPEAL TO AMERICAN SYMPATHIZERS.

Mr. Gladstone Maps Out the Program of the Liberal Party With Regard to Ireland.

A Story From London That the Discrowned King is More Devoted to "Kittie" Than to the Interests of Ireland.

Another Bloody Engagement Reported From Chili-Germany Not Yet Ready to Admit the American Hog-Prince Napoleon's Condition Hopeless-O'Brien Ad judged Bankrupt-Other Notes.

LONDON, March 13.—The following mani-festo was issued by Mr. Parnell this even-

"House of Commons, "Friday, March 13."
"To the Irish People of America:
"Fellow Countrymen—In 1880 and subheadway against her oppressors; still less could she have attained the singular posi-tion of power, and the promise of success, which she has occupied during the last

al and orthodox variety. There is perhaps more diversity in styles of hats than in styles of wearing them. In no article of attire are there such radical differences of shape and construction, but you can't improve on the Knox Hars which we have in the different widths of brim, and low, medium and high crowns, in soft or stiff, suitable for the heavy or light weight man. Send us your heighth and weight size you wear and you can order by mail. We prepay express charges this month.

BITTING BROS,

one of power, and the promise of success, which she has occupied during the last live years.

"At the instant when victory seemed near and certain, the hasty and meddle-some interference of English politicians in the complex organization of our party and movement, aided by a sudden panic among some young raw recruits—eagerly seconded by a few malcontents, office-seekers and envious persons who crept into our ranks—temporarily destroyed the unity of our forces and sapped the independence of many Irish representatives. It now becomes my task to restore this unity of all unsound materials, and taking effectual precautions against the admission in the future into our ranky of any weak, treacherous and self-seeking elements. Fortune has unveiled this danger, and given space for this reconstitution before the general election, and the disclosure has brought about a realization of the insufficiency of Mr. Gladstone's proposed solution of the situation, to secure the legitimate liberty, happiness and prosperity of your brothers and sisters in Ireland. This disclosure was timely, and important.

"The delegates who, at my request, are

The delegates who, at my request, are now crossing the ocean to your shores are well qualified, with experience, ability and patriotism, to fully explain and defend my position, which all that is sound, courageous and reliable at home have assumed with me at this crisis. I commend them to your hospitality, and I am confident that you will extend to them the Baltimorean.

San Francisco, March 13.—Jake Kilrain, of Baltimore, and George Godfrey (colored), of Boston, met in a finish fight at the California Athletic club tonight for a \$5,000 trophy. Kilrain, who had been trained by Muldoon, was in fine form. The betting was in Kilrain's favor, God.

"The delegates who, at my request, are now crossing the ocean to your shores are now to your shores are and sho deside, with experience, ability and left and bonapare are at his bedside, with experience, ability and left and boundary and cardinal Bonaparte are at his bedside, with experience, ability and left and boundary and cardinal Bonaparte are at his bedside, with experience, ability and left and boundary and cardinal Bonaparte are at his bedside, with experience, ability and left and boundary and defend my position, which all that is sound, "The delegates who, at my request, are With a confidence even greater than in 1880, I appeal to you once more to assist me in quelling this mutiny and disloyalty to Ireland; to help me in securing a really independent parliamentary party, so that we may make one more, even though it be our very last, effort to win freedom and prosperity for our nation by constitutional means. Your faithful servant. "CHARLES STEWART PARNELL."

GLADSTONE'S PROGRAM.

The Future Course of the Liberal Party With Regard to Irish Affairs.

LONDON, March 13.-Mr. Gladstone has London, March 13.—Mr. Gladstone has been in consultation with Mr. Morley, Sir William Vernon Harcourt and Sir G. O. Trevelyau, on the scope of the Liberal electoral platform, and is preparing to announce it at the hustings. He has been awaiting the development of the government program. Now that that is identified as pivoting on the labor question, Mr. Gladstone has prepared a declaration for the inner Gladstone circle. It is learned that home rule, with a definite exposition of the question of Irish representation in the imperial parliament, and land and police relations to the Irish government continue to hold the first rank. to hold the first rank

Parnell's strength in the next parlia-ment is estimated at from eight to ten. The Liberals can rely upon Parnellism being placed in an impotent minority. Thus Mr. Gladstone, assured of the support of an Irish phalanx of seventy-three steady adherents, deems himself ready to resume and complete the legislation for Ireland. The next planks of the landing gen-are "One man, one vote," including gen-eral reform legislation; free elementary ed-eral reform legislation; free elementary education; amendment of the labor laws with the abolition of the law of conspiracy with the sholling of the law of constructs equalization of taxation, with reform of the death duties; amendment of the factory acts as affecting children, and measures to assist rural laborers to acquire holdings. These are the complete features

holdings. These are the complete features of the Liberal program.

The worst feature of Mr. Parnell's feud with the Nationalists develops as the fight becomes fiercer. The attitude of Parnell of respect to the clergy disappears and thinly veiled insolence, sometimes open revising, characterizes the speeches of the leagners. Whatever be the issue of the struggle, the shock to the moral and religious sense of the people is irreparable. In an article in the Labor World, appealing to the Irish-Americans, Mr. Davitt declares that to mark their sense of Mr. Parnell's contemptaous regard for the principles of ho, or and homesty they will spurn his emissaries as servants of a will spurn his emissaries as servants of a fractionist traitor who considers his interests above home rule and his tarnished name above the honor of their race.

Mr. Parnell solaces himself by revisiting the scenes of his old amours. This week while preparing a paper reviewing his career, he appeared to require a resort to his fatal inscination. Nobody here believes that his missionaries to America will get the countenance of reputable comparations.

The response of Ireland to the political fund is the cause of bitter disappointment to the Parnell faction. The Freeman's Journal today shows that the total subscribed is only 277 Unless America sub-Journal today shows that the total sub-scribed is only £727. Unless America sub-scribes generously Parnellism is menaced with death by early exhaustion, after the first furious efforts of the campaign. With the appearance of the National Press, the waiting attitude of the Mc Carthyites has been abandoned for ener-getic action. The National federation is receiving adhesions in every district in treinal.

THE CHILIAN REBELLION.

exiles all rebel sympathizers. Several English and Germau merchants have thirty-six hours in which to leave the country forever. The Austrian consel has been ordered from the country. The government prisons are full of revolutionists. Confiscation on a large scale is carried on by the government. Port Coronel was bombarded. The railroad station was crowded with women and children, who had fled there for safety. The building was bombarded, and before any could escape, the roof and walls had fallen in, burying over 300 in the ruins. Sixty-seven dead bodies were taken out. The blockade of Valparaiso is beginning to tell. Food is scarce and expensive. Foreigners must either join the government army or leave the country within thirty-six hours. Fifty Valparaiso Catholic priests were thrown into prison for sympathizing with the rebels.

WASHINGTON, March 13.—No informa-

rebels.
WASHINGTON, March 13.—No information had been received at the Chilian legation regarding the reported assassination of President Balmaceda. It is not believed at the legation that the report is THE WRECKED STEAMER.

THE WRECKED STEAMER.

London, March 13.—The steamer which was wreeked off Start Point, near Dartmouth, on Monday last, during the severe gale which swept over the southern part of England, was the Mirima, of Liverpool. When the steamer struck on the reef off the point, the crew took to the boats. One of the boats, containing the steamer's officers, foundered, and all the officers were drowned. The second boat, containing the sailors and firemen, caps.zed. They were all drowned except four seamen, who managed to reach the shore, and one of them died from exhaustion soon after being hauled out of the surf.

London, March 13.—The Hamburg-American Line steamship Seuvia, from New York, February 26, for Hamburg, which was reported yesterlay as being in a disabled condition, sixty miles off the Lizard, is, as this dispatch is sent, still breasting the channel seas without anything definite being known as to her exact condition.

PARNELL AND "KITTIE." LONDON, March 13.—Mr. Parnell's absence from the house of commons on Thursday during Mr. Balfour's graphic narration of the distress in Ireland and the relief measures adopted by the government has caused intense surprise in Ireland. Mr. Parnell mysteriously vanished on Wednesday. It transpires that he land. Mr. Parnell mysteriously vanished on Wednesday. It transpires that he traveled to Brighton, and stayed at Falsingham terrace with Mrs. O'Shea. He remained secreted until 6 o'clock tonight, when he appeared in the house of commons, and, after remaining two hours, returned to Brighton. A messenger boy has called at the house of commons daily tor Mr. Parnell's letters. In reply to the officials' inquiries, the boy declared that Mrs. O'Shea had sent him. Even the friends of Mr. Parnell declare that his continued neglect of Ireland for "Kittie" will completely ruin his cause. pletely ruin his cause.

RUSSIAN FLOODS. St. Petersburg, March 13.—The floods which have followed the recent heavy snow storm have destroyed one-half of the winter crops in places in southwest Russia. The Vistula has over-flowed its banks and has inundated a great part of Warsaw.

JEROME NAPOLEON. ROME, March 13.-Aithough Prince Na ROME, March 13.—Although Prince Napoleon is still conscious, his condition is considered hopeiese. His wife, Princess Clothilde; his sister, Princess Mathilde; King Humbert, the duke of Aosta, and Cardinal Bonaparte are at his bedside, while Prince Victor makes frequent visits. It is stated that Prince Napoleon this morning yielded to entreaties made to him and confessed to Manager. Mermillod.

FITZSIMMONS CHALLENGED.

London, March 13.—Pritchard has chal-lenged Fitzsimmons to fight for the Police Gazette championship belt in any club that offers the largest purse. CHICAGO, March 13.—Fitzsimmons ac Pritchard's challenge. Pritchard will lay a side bet of from \$5,000

to \$10,000. CANUCK COMMISSIONERS. LONDON, March 13.—The Daily Graphic says Mr. Chamberlain has consented to act as commissioner in the discussion of

United States, and that his colleagues will be Sir Charles Tupper and Sir William V. Whitney, premier of Newfoundland. RISMARCK TO ARBITRATE.

trade reciprocity between Canada and the

BERLIN, March 13.—It is rumored that Prince Bismarck will be asked to act as arbitrator in the Bering sea question.

A SMUGGLING SCHEME. New YORK, March 13.—An extensive scheme of smoggling it is believed has been unearthed by the custom bouse su-thorities at this port. Complaint was made to the acting commander that goods imported from Canada and shipped in bonded cars via the Buffalo division of the Delaware and Lackawanna railroad to Hoboken to be exported to Germany by the Hamburg steamers had been surrep-tatiously removed from the cars at Hobo-ken. No information can be obtained as o how long or to what extent the alleged

to how long or to what extent the alleged irregularities have been going on.

While the acting collector was engaged in an investigation this afteanoon the special treasury committees sent to him for all the papers and for witnesses. The inspector in charge of the bonded cars was also called to explain the irregularities. The railroad is under \$500,000 bonds and the removal of the goods without a permit is a penal offense.

AN INSANE ASYLUM ABLAZE. Nashville. Tenn., March 13.—A fire broke out at the Central Insane asylum, seven miles from this city, on the Murfreesboro Pike, at 11 o'clock tonight. It started in the rear of the male wing, which has been destroyed and the fire and the fire of the male wing, which

DUBLIN, March 18.—The courts have adjudged Mr. William O'Brien a bankrupt, in the petition of Lord Salisburg, in latter's suit to recover the sum of £1,700, the cost in the action for libel brought against him by Mr. O'Brien, in which the

O'BRIEN A BANKRUPT

THE AMERICAN HOG. BEPLIN, March 13.—In the reichstag to-day Dr. Von Boetticher, vice president of the ministry of state, replying to Herr Barth, said that the new sanitary meas-Barth, said that the new sanitary meas-ures adopted in the United States were inadequate and that therefore the govern-ment did not intend to rescind the prohi-bition placed upon the importation of

American hog products. SHOT AND KILLED THE CHILIAN REBELLION.

New York, March 13.—The latest advices from Chili are that a bloody battle has been fought at Pisaguay. The rebels were defeated, having forty killed and thirty-four wounded. Their commander was seriously wounded. The government cause is known for the shooting.

NATIONAL NOTES.

A RECIPROCITY TREATY WITH CUBA ALMOST COMPLETED.

Another Outbreak of the Dissatisfied Dakota Sioux Said to be Impending.

A Census Bulletin Showing the Develop ment of the Grape Growing and Wine Producing Industry of the Country.

The Bering Sea Dispute to be Submitted to Arbitration-The Number of Presidential Postoffices in the Country-The New Cruisers-A Census Official Removed-Harrison's Return - Notes.

New York, March 13.—A Washington special says: "The fact that Hon. J. W. Foster, ex minister to Spain, started for Europe last Wednesday on the Teutonic was kept rather quiet, and little save the fact that he had gone was published. The mission of the former is an important one, and of general interest, for he goes to Spain to further the reciprocity treaty between the United States and Cuba through the mother country (Spain). Mr. Foster has been prominent in the reciprocity negotiations with South American countries. His experience in Spain as minister and his connection with the Latin-American countries has made him very valuable to Mr. Blaine and the state department. It is a well known fact that the next reciprocity proclamation will be with Cuba, and Mr. Blaine has bent his greatest energies to this end. Mr. Blaine has been very busy on the treaty, and the departure of Mr. Foster means that the negotiations are nearly completed."

ANOTHER UPRISING IN PROSPECT. CHICAGO, March 13.—Dr. A. C. Eastman, an educated Ogalalla Indian, arrived here CHICAGO, March 13.—Dr. A. C. Eastman, an educated Ogalalla Indian, arrived here today from Pine Ridge agency. "I come down here," said he, " on a sort of tour of investigation at Fort Sheridan. I have been in the camp of the Indians at Pine Ridge, and, from present indications, the probabilities of an Indian war are very promising. There is a great deal of whispering ahd discontent among the Indians. The young braves are holding secret con ferences, and even conservative members of the camp are talking war. Since Kicking Bear, Short Bull and others were transferred, not one official word as to their treatment or their sentiments has been sent to their families and the chiefs of the Sioux nation. It is generally believed among the Indians that the band of twenty-six is to be put to death."

CHICAGO, March 13,—"Buffalo Bill" has secured the consent of Secretary Noble, and will within a few days start for Europe with the hostile Sioux now held as prisoners at Fort Sheridan. They are to make up a part of Col. Cody's wild west show. Secretary Noble has also given his consent for Col. Cody to take as many more Indians as he wishes and he popases to make up a party of some 100. The Indians at Fort Sheridan are in the natice of a cross between a nuisance and a wilite lephant to both the war and the interior

and any at Fort Sheridan are in the natice of a cross between a nuisance and a wifite elephant to both the war and the interior departments, and it is unlorstood that Secretary Noble was only too giad of an opportunity to get rid of them.

Virginia third with two tons per acre. California the market value of grapes per ton is \$17-65; in Georgia \$96; in Missouri \$50 and Kansas \$58. BERING SEA.

PRESIDENTIAL POSTOFFICES. Washingron, March 13—The records of the postoffice department show that during the two years of the present ad-ministration ended March 4, there were 2,754 apppointments made of presidential postmasters. Of this number 478 were made upon resignation, 955 were made upon the expiration of the commissions of

THE NEW CRUISERS Washington, March 18.—The navy de-partment has asked proposals for the con-struction of the projected steel cruiser of started in the rear of the male wing, which has been destroyed, and the flames continue to rage. The cause of the fire is unknown.

There were twenty-eight patients in the wing, and six of them burned to death. The other patients are now in the main hall and under guard, and there is no further danger of loss of life. A full account has not been received here yet.

2 m.—The lire has reached the main building and the immates are escaping Governor Buchanan has ordered on the state millitia and will leave for the scene on a special. hem in place. The vessel must also de

> Information has been received at the avy department that the gunboat Ben-ington failed to develop the required orse-power on her recent trial trip. The eport of the trial board is expected daily at the navy department. A private letter received by a naval officer says that the indication card will show a development of 8,313 horse-power, while the contract re-quires 3,400. Mr. Palmer, the builder of

REMOVED FROM OFFICE. WASHINGTON, March 13.-Prof. Charles

eleventh census in charge of the division of fisheries, has been temporarily relieved from duty, the work of his division stopped and the agents under him recalled from the field of duty, pending an investigation into the charges which have been prepared against him affecting his official conduct. The charges are mainly that Prof. Smiley has used his official position and influence to discredit and embarrass the United States Fish commission, and that, in consequence, the value of the work of his division has been seriously impaired.

THE OTHER SIDE

point of the Colored Brother.

eted by the "boomers." Listen to the fol-lowing wall of wee from a correspondent of the Oklahoma Daily Journal, published on the 11th inst:

Union soldier have heard of this beautiful land and are seeking homes where they may be free and enjoy their rights in com-mon with other people. Why this cry

THE PRESIDENT. Washington, March 13.—The president and party arrived at Washington this aft-ernoon at 3:15 o'clock. The president said he had enjoyed his visit to Benjies very much, and that he thought he had been fairly successful with his gun.

THE NEW JUDGES WASHINGTON, March 13.—Attorney General Miller has rendered an opinion that the president has the power to appoint the nine circuit judges created by the last congress during the recess of congress. The president has not indicated whether he will follow the opinion of his legal advisor or not.

The Invasion of Oklahoma From the Stand-GUTHRIE, Ok., March 13—[Special]—
Your Oklahoma correspondent and the agent for the Associated Press, with the assistance of several special correspondents, have pictured a sad condition of affairs in this beautiful land, so long coveted by the "boomers." Listen to the following the correspondent of the control of the c

THE WINE INDUSTRY. WASHINGTON March 13 -The census corn meal from which the mother had pre-Washington, March 13.—The censis bureau has issued a bulletin on the subject of viticulture in the United States. It shows the total area of the vineyards in 1889 to have been 401,261 acres. The total product in 1889 was 572,139 tons. There were produced 24,309,605 gallons of wine from grapes and 1,132,195 boxes of raisins (20 pounds each). California ranks first in the south and the cabin of some old auntie, who divided the last cake with us. Do you remember that day, old comrade? who may chance to read the same with 152,300 acres. Wish from grapes and 1,152,120 boxes of raisins (20 pounds each). California ranks first in vineyard acreage, with 155,300 acres; Missouri is fourth with 10,000 acres, and Kansas fifth with 4,542 acres. In average yield of grapes per acre, Arizona, Missouri and New Mexico rank first with three tons per acre, Tennesse second with two and one-half tons per acre, and Kansas and Virginia third with two tons per acre.

WASHINGTON, March 13.—Sir Julian Pauncefo e, the British minister, had a conference with Secretary Blaine at the state department this afternoon. It related principally, so it is said, to the arrangement of preliminaries for the submission to arbitration of the various questions at issue in regard to the Bering sea fisheries on the basis suggested by Mr. Blaine and accepted by Lord Salisbury, with certain cepted by Lord Salisbury, with certain

the incumbents, 778 were made upon re-movals, 74 were made to fill vacancies caused by death, and 459 were made at of-fices which were raised from the fourth to the presidential class during this two years term, making a total of 2,754 changes. The whole number of presidential offices in operation on March 4, 1891, was 2,859.

them in place. The vessel must also de-velop on her trial trip in the open sea a speci of not less than twenty-one knots per hour for four consecutive hours, or the contractor will be subject to a penalty of \$5,000 for each quarter knot deficiency. A premium of \$50,000, however, is provided for each quarter knot developed in excess of twenty one knots. Proposals are in-vited under plans and specifications pro-vided by the department, and also under plans and specifications provided by the bilder.

the vessel, will ask for a new trial, and Secretary Tracy will probably grant the

MISCELLANEOUS.

DUN'S WEEKLY REVIEW OF THE CONDITION OF TRADE.

Cleveland's Free Trade Supporters Already Actively at Work in the Empire State.

Harrisonian Hurrah Expected in the Pending Campaign for the Mayoralty in the City of Chicago.

Ex-Senator Ingalls Will Return to the Sunflower State-The Hennessey Trial at New Orleans Results in a Disagreement - A Democratic Jubilee at Chicago Over the Election of Gen. John M. Palmer.

NEW YORK, March 13.-R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says:
"Foreign influences have again disturbed the money markets, and a little inturbed the money markets, and a little in-creased the prevalent conservative feeling. Directly, the effect should be slight, but it is impossible to say how the already strained condition at London, and possible serious pressure, would be felt in sales of securities. The prospect for new railroad building, and, consequently, for rail pro-duction, is not helped by the monetary situation, and stocks have been consider-ably weakened. "At length to fortune, and to you,
Delusive hope, a last adden.
The chain that once begulied is o'er.
And I have reached my destined shore."
A dispatch to the Eagle some days ago stated that the colored people from the south were starving, and that, worse than all, they had brought the smallpox into Guthrie. Is not this a sad state of things if true. Let us for a moment look into the facts? First, be it known that I have no interest in this matter any further than

ably weakened.

But there is more active speculation in breadstuffs, pork products and cotton.

cotton has risen an eighth. But all the speculative markets have to reckon with the possibility of scarce money before long, as the drain from the city to the United States."

interior coutinues.

"The business failures occurring throughout the country the last seven days number 273, as compared with a total of 265 last week. For the corresponding interior continues. these lines. These are some of the same people to whom you turned for succor when escaping from the rebel pens of the south. They have that same old oven and long-handled skillet. These friends of the

week of last year the failures were 252 A CLEVELAND CAMPAIGN

New York, March 13 -It is said that at a meeting of the Reform club a few weeks a meeting of the Reform Gulo a low exess ago a plan of campaign in the interest of Mr. Cleveland was mapped out and at once put in working order. A trusted member will soon be selected from among the ranks of active workers to make a tour of the state, and obtain the names of the various Democratic committeemen, also the names of 100 active workers in county politica. mon with other people. Why this cry against them? Not one single case of suf-fering did I find among them. Many have brought their teams and money with them. One family paid \$260 to the rail-road from Little Rock to Guthrie. And, road from Little Rock to Guthrie. And, again, there are not over four or five hundred who have yet arrived. These friends and allies of yours are simply seeking a home in your boasted "Land of the Free, and Home of the Brave." Is it any crime that they should seek for such a land! The correspondent of the Oklahoma City Daily Journal, in the wall of wor mentioned above, exposed his "split hoot." Hold in 1892. The name of the gentleman upon whom it is said that this important duty

Daily Journal, in the wail of woe mentioned above, exposed his "split hoof." Hear him:

"The bright prospects of Oklahoms are doomed, and its future prosperity and growth checked. The fertile vaileys and picturesque hilitops that should have been bedecked with the homes of white men, are being usurped by the black man."

He is not starving fast enough for the writer of the above. But the genileman does not voice the sentiments of the business men of Guthrie, I am proud to say. I talked with many of them who thought the colored people had enlivened their business. For the greater part of these immigrants brought money with them. The Oklahoms State Journal, of Guthrie, (Alliance) of March 6, says:

"The extracts from the News of March 3 ought to make the blood boil in every freeman's veins. The laboring men of Guthrie know full well that the colored men who are coming among ms are not paupers. No! On the other hand, they are above the average as regards this world's goods, etc."

So, you see that the agent of the Associated Press (who is the editor of the Daily News) takes advantage of his position as the color of the State was not being done in the interest of either of the prospective candidates, but ment. Particular stress was laid on the early canvass of the various counties of the state was not being done in the interest of either of the prospective candidates, but ment. Particular stress was laid on the early canvass of the various counties of the state was not being done in the interest of either of the prospective candidates, but ment. Particular stress was laid on the save plantion that it was only a readoption of Tilden's old and familiar methods, which was always to find out in advance just how things stood and locate his men. So, you see that the agent of the Associ-ated Press (who is the editor of the Daily News) takes advantage of his position as which was always on and locate his men. He always canvassed the situation over a year or more before the actual fight began, and these are the methods that are being employed in Mr. Cleveland's behalf such agent to stir up a bitter feeling against this long abused people.

"Deem our nation brutes no louger.
Till some reason je shall filed.
Worther of regard and stronger.
Than the color of our kind.
Slaves of gold, whose social dealings.
Tarnish all your boasted powers.
From that you have buman feelings,
her you proudly question ours."—Cowper.

B. F. WATSON,

Pastor A. M. E. Churc

CHICAGO, March 13.—What promises to be the liveliest political campaign ever witnessed in Chicago was formally opened last night by Elmer Washburne, who is the first candidate to receive and accept a nomination for the majoralty. He is the candidate of an independent citizens' or-vanization, similar to the municipal reganization, similar to the municipal re-form movement in New York, with a growing probability that he may be in-Kansas City, March 13.—The police of Armourdale, Kan, have unearthed one of the biggest robberies ever known in the vicinity of Kansas City. Since 6 o'clock dorsed by the Republican convention. Elmer Washburne was chief of police wash Joseph Medill was mayor of Chicago and made a remarkable record for his invicinity of Kansas City. Since 6 o'ciock last night about thirty men and boys of Armourlaie have been arrested, charged with breaking open grain cars in the Rock Island and Union Pacific yards and stealing grain. The gang, after breaking open the car and taking the grain, would collect it until a load was secured, and then would have a dray to take it to a mill and sell it. It is thought that these operations have been carried on for at least four months. It is impossible to estimate the executor of grain that has been taken. and made a remarkable record for his independence of ward bosses and effective
enforcement of the laws. Until his name
was suddenly aprung the Republicans
seemed especially committed to Hempstead Washburne, son of the well known
United States minister to Paris. Hempstead Washburne, who is no relation to
Elmer, is exceedingly popular with German-Americans because of his father's
record during the Franco-Prussian war,
and the fact that his wifets an Irash American was thought to add to his presting
with a large element. There seemed a decided chance rought that Hempstead
Washburne will be the straight Republiamount of grain that has been taken.

CUT THE LEVEES.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., March 13 - Maj J. P.
Debney, chief engineer of the district including the Robinson lever, which gave
way jesterday, says the break is 175 feet
with a large element. There seemed a detided chance tonight that Hempstead
by Reshburne will be the straight Republican candidate. Elmer Washburne an independent, Mayor Cregler the Democratic
momittee and ex Mayor and ex Congress
wide and about six feet deep. He claims
that the lever was either cut or blown up
without a doubt.

THE EIGHT HOUR STRIKE.

Pritabling, Pa., March 11 - The coke
strike against a reduction of 10 per cent
has nerged into an additional demand
for an eight hour day, since the incompendent
momittee and ex Mayor and ex Congress
man Carter B. Harrison an independent
Harrison, sided by exCongressman Law
ler, is making an extraordinarily picwith a large element. There soemed a destrike against a reduction of 10 per cent
strike against a reduction of 10 per cent
strike against a reduction of 10 per cent
has herged into an additional demand
for an eight hour day, since the micro
James McBride, of the executive board,
man Carter B. Harrison an independent
Harrison, sided by exCongressman Law
ler, is making an extraordinarily picwith a large element. There soemed a destrike against a reduction of 10 per cent
strike against a reduction of 10 per cent
strik

rresque canvass for the Democratic nom turesque canvass for the Democratic nom-ination, stirring up all his old-time ad-herents among the Germans, Irish, Poles, Scandinavians and the dozen or so other polyglot parts of Chicago's population. Besides the two Washburnes, Cregier and Harrison, "Tommy" Morgan, the labor agitator, has been nominated for mayor by the socialists, and will formally accept in a day or two.

Aside from the regular partisan issues, Sunday closing the saloons and suppres-

a day or two.

Aside from the regular partisan issues, Sunday closing the salocus and suppression of gambling are cutting a heavy figure in the many-cornered fight. The only platform yet put forward is the one made by the representatives of the citizens' movement, and issued in connection with Elmer Washburne's letter of acceptance. This platform says:

"The purpose of our organization is to scene 'the moral and physical cleansing of the city of Chicago, without an increase in the rate of taxation, by the application of business and civil service reform methods to the municipal affairs of Chicago and the impartial enforcement of all existing laws and ordinances."

"It is admitted that the great majority of voters desire that kind of a municipal government, and that our city stands in extreme need of it, both on account of its deplorable condition and because upon the mayor to be elected next month will very largely depend the fact as to whether you are the reach and of Chicago when

largely depend the fact as to whether you will be proud or ashamed of Chicago when her guests shall assemble, two years hence, from all quarters of the globe."

EX-SENATOR INGALLS. EX-SENATOR INGALLS.

Boston, March 1a—Ex-Senator Ingalls was among the passengers on the steamer Baltimore yesterday. He came to Massachusetts to visit his aged parents. To a reporter he said: "I am a Kansan, and as such I shall remain. I have received a great many offers from the journalistic field since my successor has been elected, and have declined them all. After a short resuite I shall return to my own state and and have declined them ali. After a short respite I shall return to my own state and engage in some employment. I have always been known as a newspaper man, and newspaper men have been my warm friends, but I am not about to attach my-self to any New York newspaper." He had not heard of Minister Swift's death, and would not say whether he would like to recreed that centleman.

PALMER AND VEST.

THE HENNESSEY CASE.

THE HENNESSEY CASE.

New Oblians, March 13.—The Hennessey case, the trial of the nine Sicilians for the assassination of Chief of Police George C. Hennessey, at 11 o'check on the night of Oct. 15, which has occupied the time of section 8. Judge Baker's division of the criminal district court, since the 14th of Februry, was concluded this afternoon, the jury bringing in a verdict of not guilty as to six of the accused, and falled to agree upon a verdict as to the other three. As the verdict was read each person in the court room turned to the three. As the verdict was read person in the court room turned to person in the court room turned to the person next to him and there was an inaudible expression of surprise and dis-satisfaction. Judge Baker ordered the jury to be discharged and the prisoners to be remanded, as there was still another

The indignation over the verdict is gen eral. There has been a mass meeting of citizens called for tomorrow morning, and the call is for men to come prepared to carry out what justice failed to do. Tho call is signed by about 100 leading citizens.

AN OLD CRIME RECALLED.

MONTICELLO, III., March IS.—George Mock, of the Thirtieth Illinois infantry, living at Wichita, Kan., claims to have discovered the whereabouts of Ashbury O'Hair, the man who is said to have killed Major York, of the Fifty fourth Illinois infantry, at Charleston, Ills, in April, 1804 in a fight between a party of soldiers at home on furlough and a mob of persons 1864 in a fight between a party of soldiers at home on furiough and a mob of persons opposed to the war. O'Hair seized a gun out of his store and shot Major York dead in his tracks. Several members of the Fifty-fourth Illinois' were killed at the same time. O'Hair escaped, as did several others of the leaders interested. Mock says O'Hair is now living at Eureka, Kan., and urgss Governor Fifer to have him arrested and tried for the murder of Major York. of Major York.

Kissley, Kan, March III.—[Special]— We are having old Missouri style of March weather—mud, snow, freeze and thaw. Wheat is in fine condition, and the prospects for a good season were never better.
It is rumored that we will have a new
postmaster at Kinsley in the near future. The Kineley mills are pushed to fill their eders for flour and are running extra

Roberts Bros., shipped a car load of castor beans this week.

The Postal Telegraph company has established an office at Kinsley in M. Schnatterly's mercantile house. Health is generally good and our people happy and contented.

A MAYORLESS TOWN.

DESCRIP Col., March 12.—This city is without a mayor. The supreme court this morning denied a rehearing in the mayor sity case. The present mayor, Wolfe Lonmorning center a recent a recent and the londoner, was a few weeks ago declared to be illegally elected, after holding his office nearly a year. D. C. Packard, president of the board of supervisors, will probably act as mayor until after the city election heat

THE EIGHT HOUR STRIKE.